

Smart Contract Concept and Implementation

Taysir J. Shaqalaih 12<sup>th</sup> Annual ICT Day, (FinTech)



#### **About Me**

- \*Mater Degree from Cambridge University.
- \*18+ years of diversified experience.
- \*Program Manager @ Mercy Corps/GSG Gaza.
- \*Master minder of "Online Freelancing" project.
- \*Co-founder of Inspire IT Solutions.







## **Block Chain?**

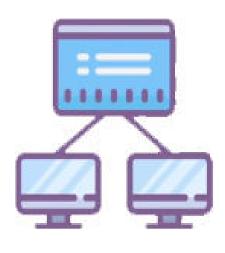
"An open, distributed ledger that can record

transactions between two parties efficiently

and in a verifiable and permanent way"



## **Block Chain Advantages**







**Immutable** 



**Everyone** 



### **Smart Contracts**





#### **Smart Contracts Defined**

- Self-executing contracts.
- Terms of the agreement between the two parties being directly written into lines of code.
- The code and the agreements contained in Block chain network.

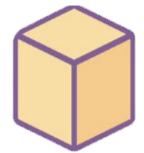
#### It's Simply a Code....

```
contract TokenContractFragment {
   // Balances for each account
    mapping(address => uint256) balances;
   // Owner of account approves the transfer of an amount to another account
    mapping(address => mapping (address => uint256)) allowed;
    // Get the token balance for account 'tokenOwner'
    function balanceOf(address tokenOwner) public constant returns (uint balance) {
        return balances[tokenOwner];
   // Transfer the balance from owner's account to another account
    function transfer(address to, uint tokens) public returns (bool success) {
        balances[msg.sender] = balances[msg.sender].sub(tokens);
        balances[to] = balances[to].add(tokens);
       Transfer(msg.sender, to, tokens);
        return true;
   // Send 'tokens' amount of tokens from address 'from' to address 'to'
    function transferFrom(address from, address to, uint tokens) public returns (bool success) {
        balances[from] = balances[from].sub(tokens);
        allowed[from][msq.sender] = allowed[from][msq.sender].sub(tokens);
        balances[to] = balances[to].add(tokens);
       Transfer(from, to, tokens);
        return true;
   // Allow 'spender' to withdraw from your account, multiple times, up to the 'tokens' amount.
   // If this function is called again it overwrites the current allowance with _value.
   function approve(address spender, uint tokens) public returns (bool success) {
        allowed[msg.sender][spender] = tokens;
        Approval(msg.sender, spender, tokens);
        return true;
```

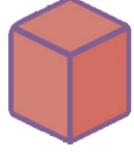
# Stored inside a block chain

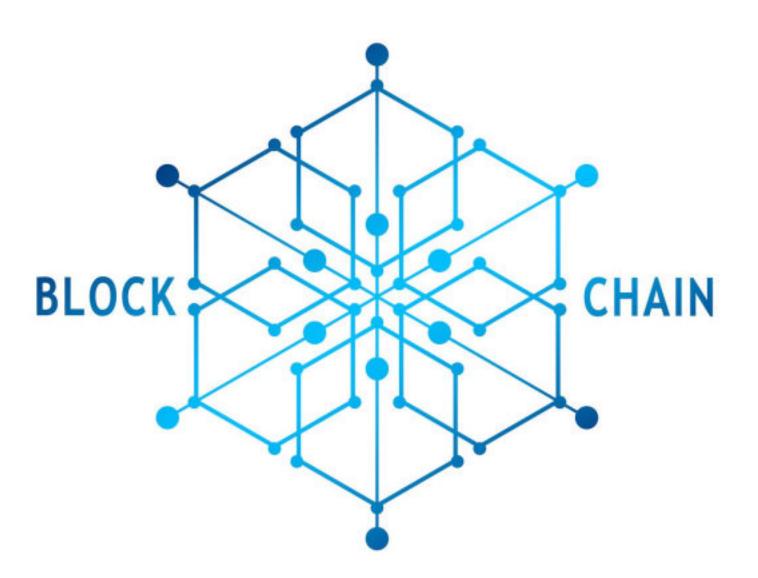




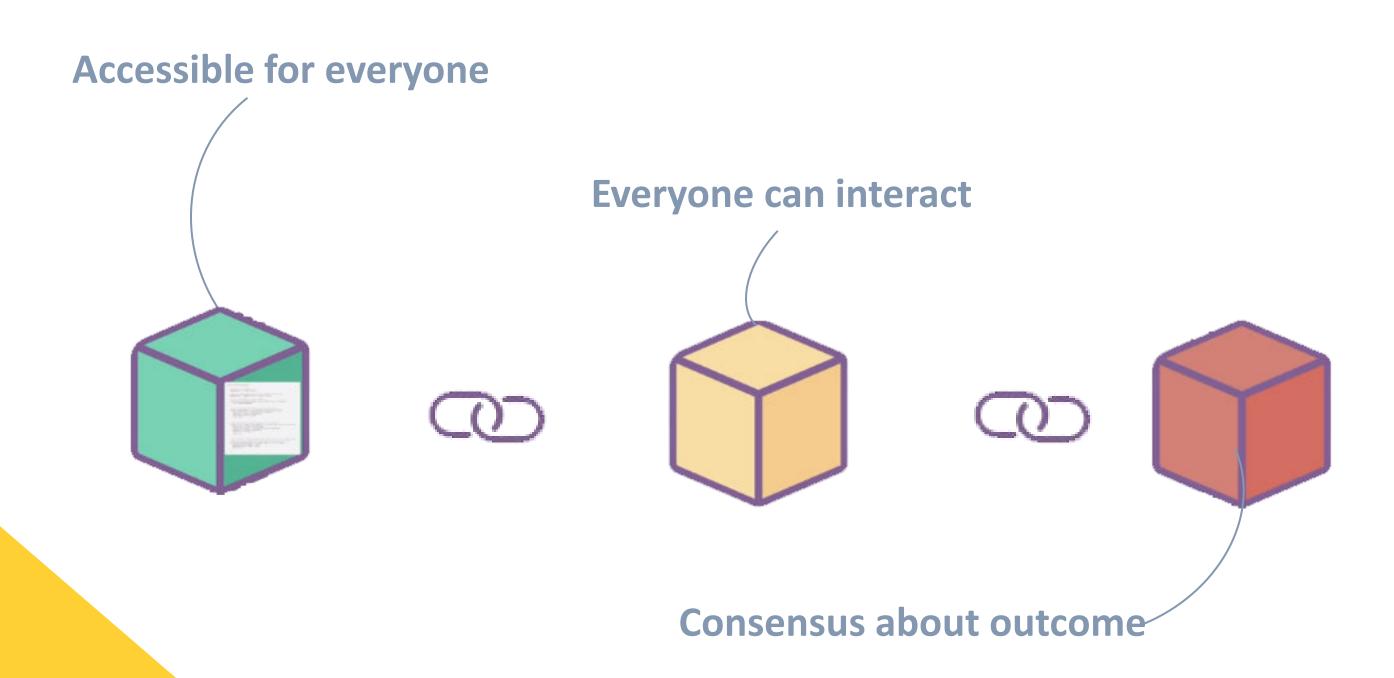






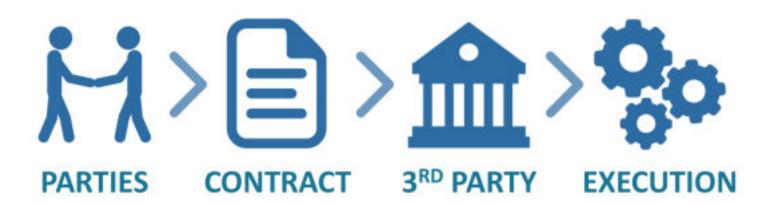








#### TRADITIONAL CONTRACT



#### **SMART CONTRACT**





# Send & receive coins Other Contracts





# **Smart Contract Benefits for Business**







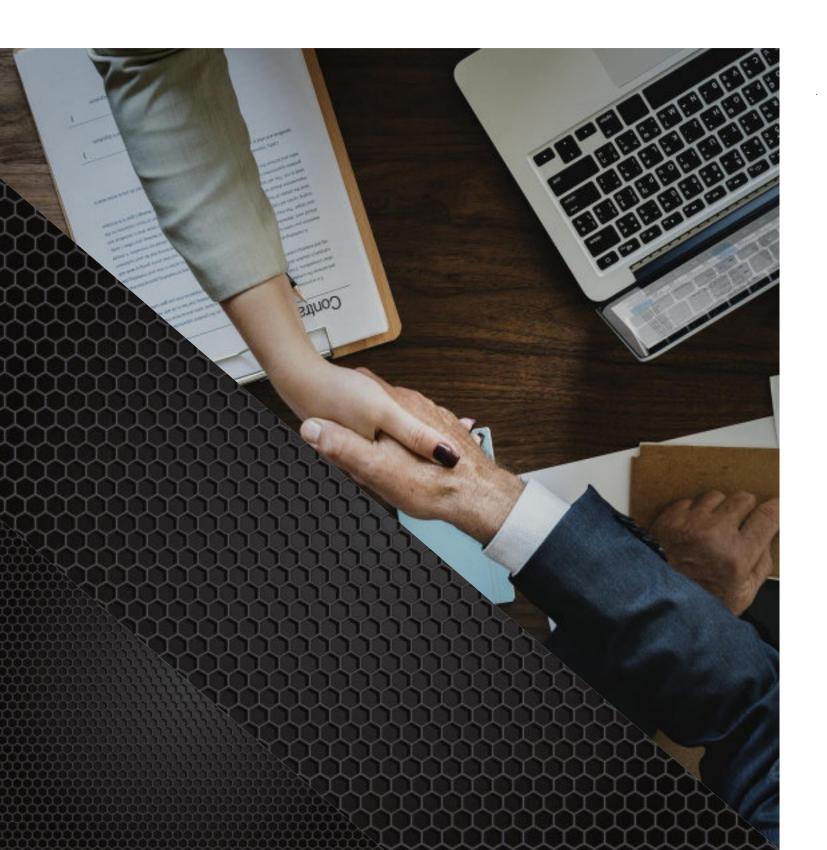


Fraud reduction





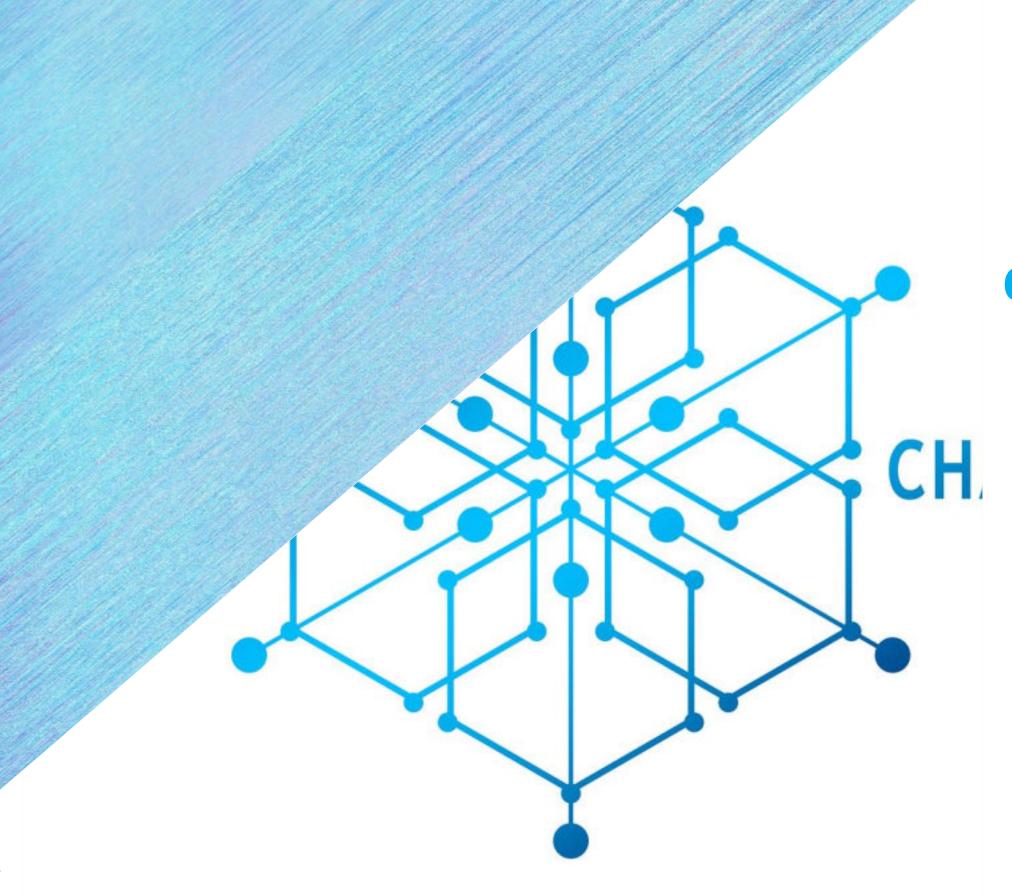




#### **Smart Contracts Use Cases**

- Banking
- Healthcare
- Supply Chain
- Legal Issues
- Real Estate
- Government
- IoT Networks
- And many other Applications.....





# **Implementation of Blockchain Smart Contracts - A Use Case for Investment**

- Abed al-Salam alZain
- 12<sup>th</sup> Annual ICT Day, (FinTech)



#### About Me

- Block chain Developer.
- Lead Developer of Inventory Club Project.
- Team leader & co-founder of Inspire IT solutions.



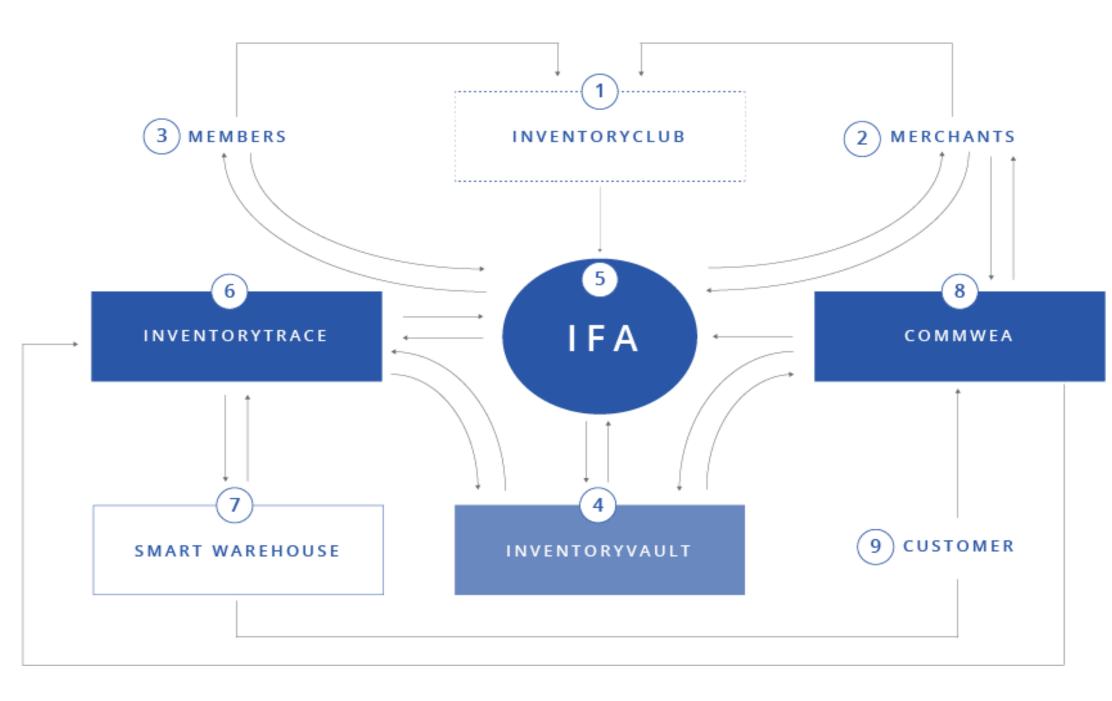




A peer-to-peer inventory financing system that enables online merchants to access inventory without the need to go through financial institutions

# ECOSYSTEM



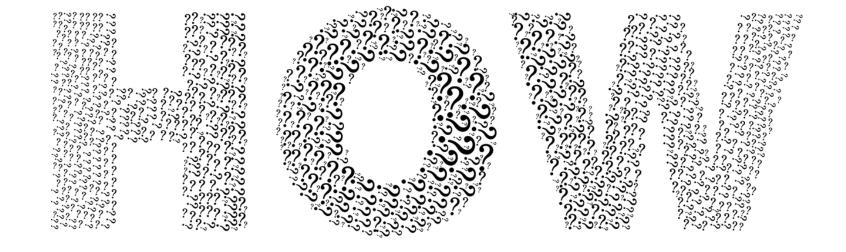


• IFA is a smart contract designed to facilitate, verify or enforce the performance of contract between the member and the merchant.

• Each time a sale is recorded, the smart contract is execut ed and splitting money between member and merchant.

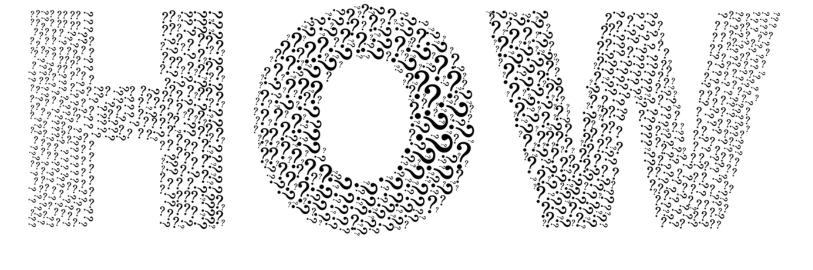
 Once created the rules governing the IFA cannot be alerte d and the smart contract is recorded on the Inventory Vault (Blockchain)





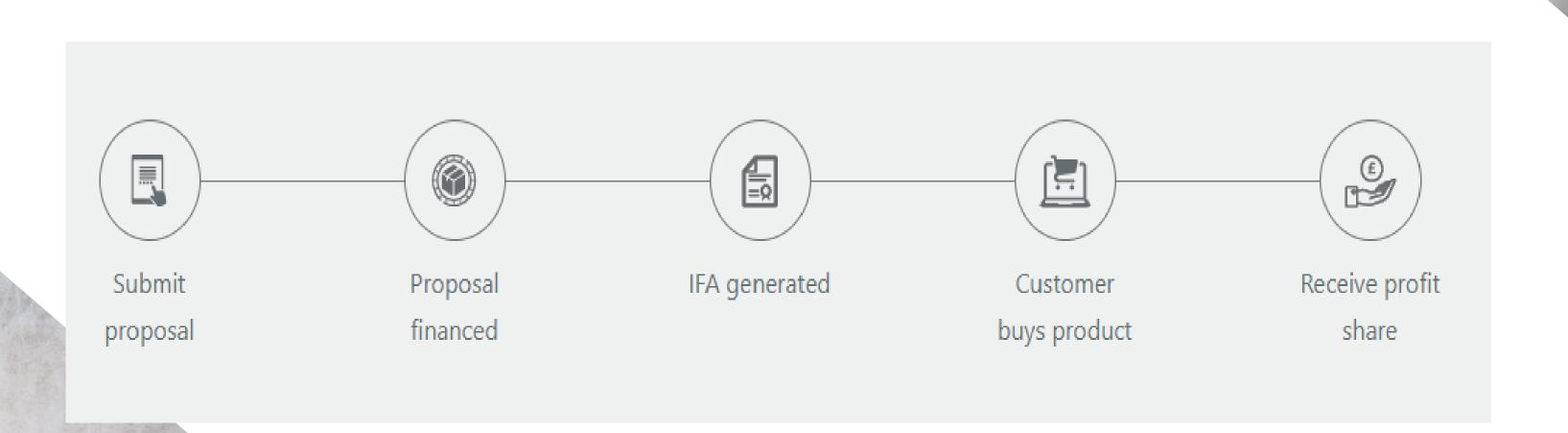
# IT WORKS? 1- MENBERS





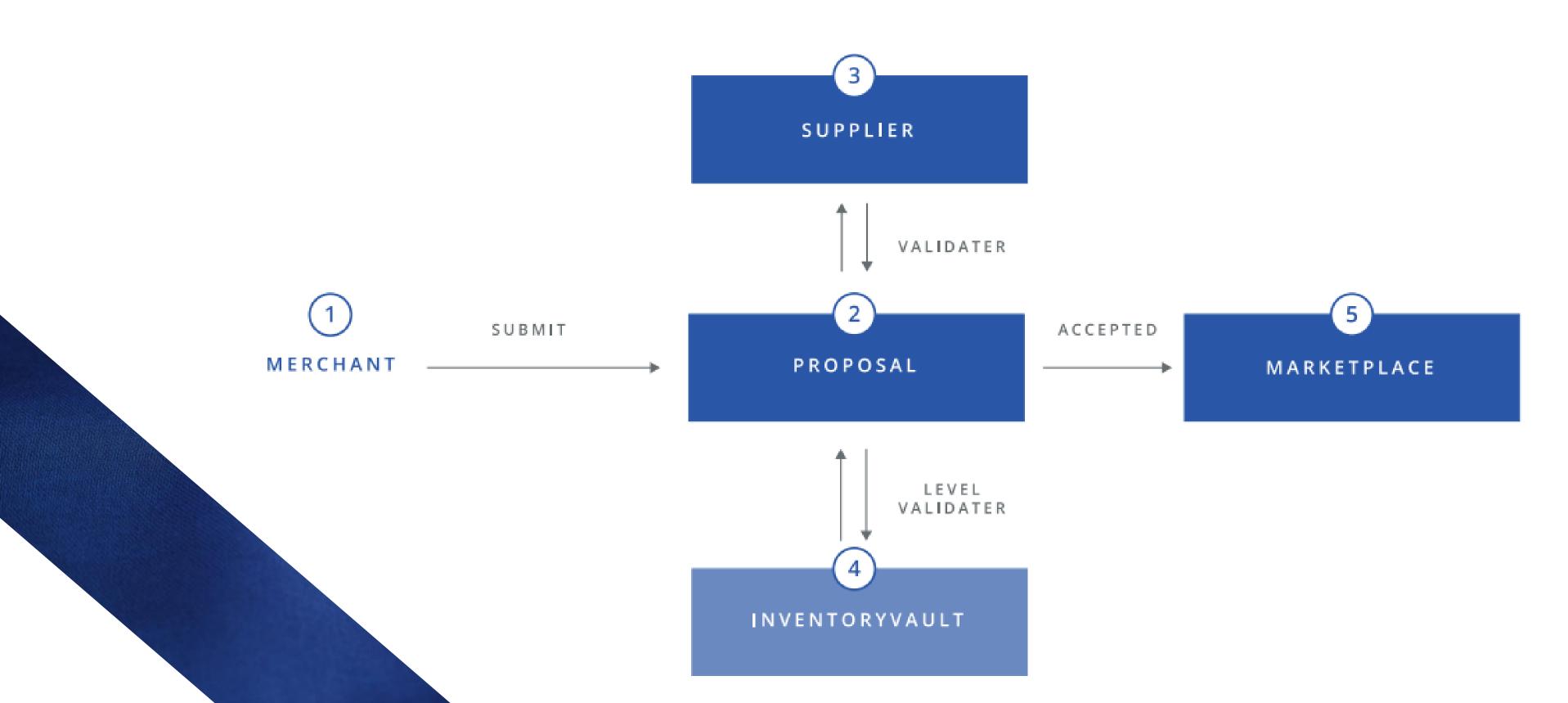
# IT WORKS?

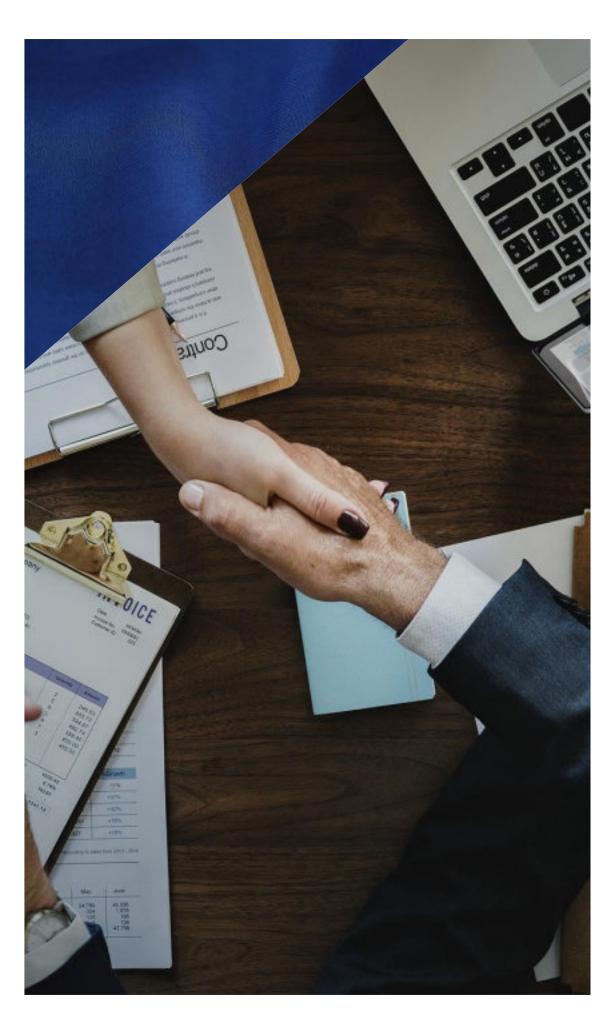
### 2- MERCHANTS

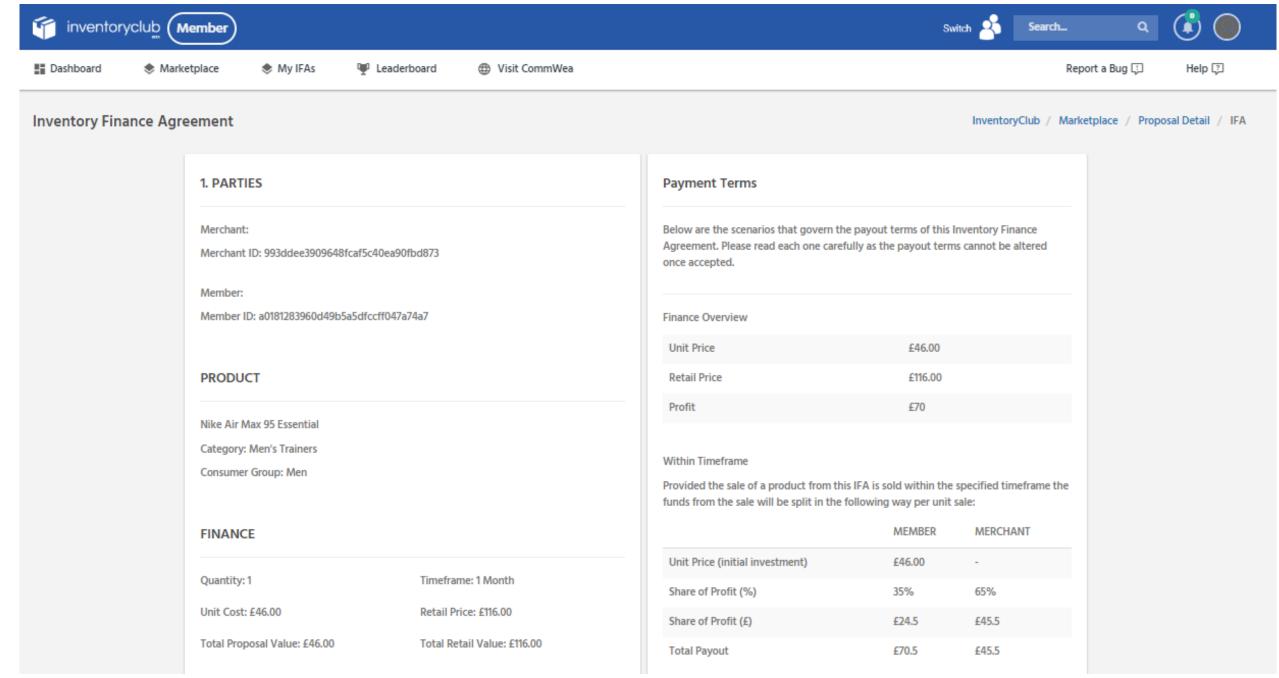




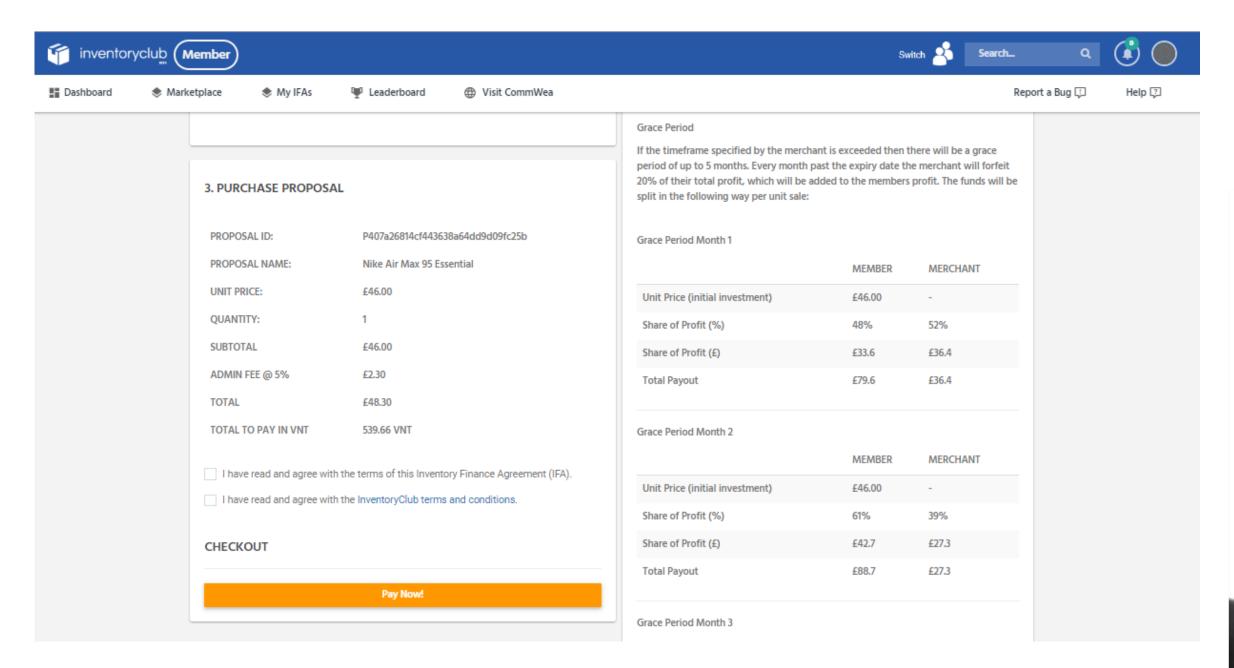
# TRADING IN THE IC



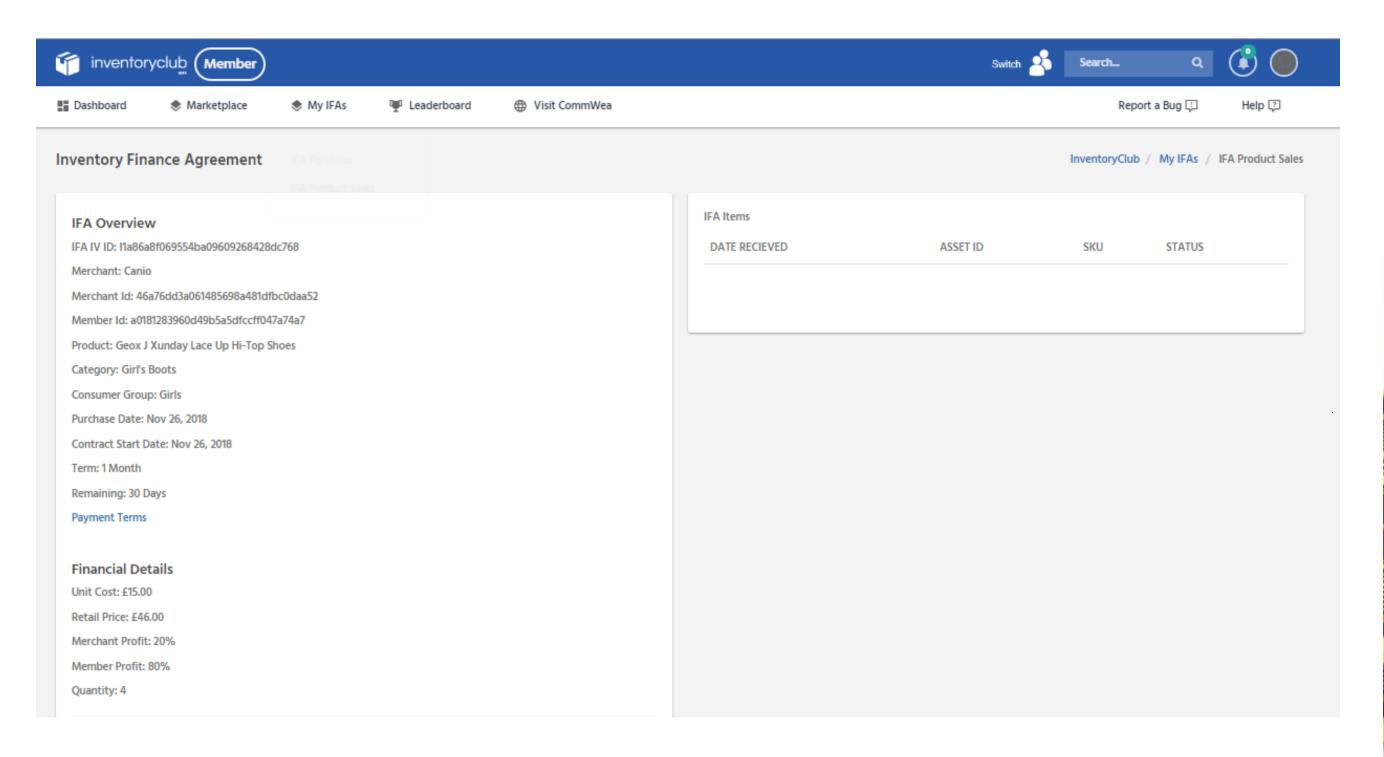














# Thanks

